

## DESERET EVENING NEWS

Corner of South Temple and East Temple Streets, Salt Lake City, Utah.  
Horace G. Whitney - Business Manager.

**SUBSCRIPTION PRICES:**  
(In Advance)  
By Mail, per year .....\$5.00  
By Carriers, per year .....\$5.00  
Semi-Weekly, per year .....\$2.50  
Saturday News, per year .....\$2.00

Address all business communications and all remittances to THE DESERET NEWS, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the EDITOR.

Entered at the postoffice of Salt Lake City as second class matter according to Act of Congress, March 3, 1879.

SALT LAKE CITY, - OCT. 12, 1910.

## "OPEN" ENOUGH.

The "American" chief says there is no "open" gambling in Salt Lake. Which means, undoubtedly, that gambling is not carried on in the street corners, in open daylight, visible to everybody. In that sense it is not "open." But inasmuch as it is carried on in about half a hundred different places, where gamblers can find a chance to skin their victims, it is "open" enough.

Furthermore, the slot machines on which the vice of gambling is taught to boys of all ages are "openly" exposed and operated without attempt at concealment, and that this is in defiance of both the spirit and the letter of the anti-gambling law may still be maintained. Gambling is "open" enough in this city, as are other soul-destroying kinds of business, under the protecting wings of the unspeakable hypocrisy that now obtains in municipal government.

Even Nevada, has enacted laws for closing the gambling dens. In Reno the gamblers have held their farewell meetings. It has been said, that "everything goes in Nevada." This saying may have to be revised to: "Everything goes in Salt Lake," under "American" rule.

The full truth of the matter is that the onslaught of the anti-"Mormon" forces upon the Church was an attempt in behalf of the power of darkness to remove from public positions every barrier to the more or less open practice of vice in its various forms. It was but one event in the great war between the forces of light and darkness, vice and virtue, for the possession of the institutions established for the moral benefit of man. That is the full truth, and it may just as well be told. At present the forces in the service of darkness have the best of it, temporarily, and the result is the running of dens of vice and infamy almost in full daylight, and in defiance of both law and public sentiment. But it is only temporarily.

## GOOD ADVICE.

Gov. Hughes's parting advice as he left the gubernatorial chair was: "Never permit yourself to be discouraged. Whatever has merit will stand discussion, and if it has merit it will be had." No more important truth was ever uttered. Whatever has merit will stand discussion. In fact truth comes out from controversy more brilliant, like the diamond that becomes more lustrous through polish. And, furthermore, it will win out in the end. "If it has merit it will be had."

The reason for this is that Providence superintends human affairs, and shapes them, without interference with individual free agency, to its own ends and purposes. The law of evolution is as apparent in the thread that connects the events of history, as in nature. And under the care of Providence all will come out just right.

But this does not relieve anyone of the duty to work for the furtherance of that which has merit. It is through human agency that the salvation of the race, as well as the individual, must be worked out.

## A HURRY CALL FOR JOBS.

They had a very interesting session of the city council on Monday, the main question being the approval of a contract generously given to Mr. Moran, as usual, involving \$109,739.45. Notice the 45 cents. There is no possibility of defrauding the City when the cost is calculated down to 45 cents, even if the men handling the City's money and contracts were not the very souls of honor and honesty. So do not miss the 45 cents. They are not there merely as an ornament.

And yet Councilman Fernstrom had the temerity to say that the council was spending \$50,000 too much on the proposed job. But then, what is \$80,000 when the question is of spending the public funds? Are not the taxpayers patient as Isachar of whom it was said: "Isachar is a strong ass, couching down between two burdens?" As long as Isachar is willing to couch between two burdens why should not the taskmasters pile them up.

Councilman Hall, who is both an honest and a capable councilman, pointed out that the council was about to violate the pledges made to the taxpayers when the last bond issue was asked for, but that did not deter the "American" councilmen from taking action. Is there any pledge that an "American" councilman is under obligation to keep?

Mulvey who seems to be the mouthpiece in the council, of the boss of the City, declared that it was imperative—he may not have used that word, but some term more common in the saloon vocabulary—that the work be done immediately, and on that statement the vote was made. Mulvey pulled the strings and all the dummies moved as he wanted them to.

And it is imperative that the work be done now. The "American" party needs a lot of men to vote for their ticket at the fall election. So Mulvey undoubtedly knew what he was talking about when he said it was imperative that the work begin now.

And then, we understand, that by constructing this pipe line, the water now flowing to a certain part of the City will be diverted to another. That will create a demand for more water.

And this demand will be made the text, next year, for a very edifying sermon on another bond issue. More money will then be borrowed, provided Isachar still couches between the burdens, and the party will be flush again for the City campaign.

"American" party men have threatened to soak the people in taxes to the utmost limit of the law. That is what they have been doing, and are now doing, with the City. That is what they would go in the County if they, which God forbid, should get hold of the offices.

## PORTUGAL AND SPAIN.

Spain seems to have been the first to have recognized the new government of Portugal, if the formal call of the Spanish minister in Lisbon upon the Republican officials may be taken as an evidence of official recognition. That may be regarded as a stray showing the direction of the wind, for it is tolerably certain that Spain would not give official recognition to the new regime without having an intimation that other European powers would follow suit. It may also be regarded as an indication of a very strong republican sentiment in Spain.

Probably some day Spain and Portugal may conclude to come together under one republican government. Together they would make a respectable showing. The area of both is given as 227,429 square miles, of which 100,935 belong to Spain, and 35,484 to Portugal. It is considerably larger than France. The population in 1878 was somewhat over 21,000,000, of which nearly five millions were credited to Portugal. Outside of Europe Portugal has colonies twenty times as large in area as the mother country. Lorenzo Marquez is the port of Eastern South Africa. Goa and Macao, Portuguese Guinea and the beautiful sea islands are well placed for trade. So it would seem that consolidation of the two countries under one popular government would be a good stroke of policy for both.

Ever since the Pope, in 1494, drew the "line of demarkation" on the map, declaring that whatever was found to the west of that line should belong to Spain and whatever was found to the east should belong to Portugal, the two countries have been rivals. During the last centuries they have steadily declined in power and influence. In the beginning of the 14th century Spain boasted of a population of 22,000,000. Subsequently this dwindled to 5,000,000. The cause was chiefly wars over ill-governed colonies. At present there should be a favorable opportunity for joining hands and co-operating under a popular government. But is Spain prepared to follow the lead of its western neighbor? The two nations are closely related. Both are descended from Celtic-Iberic tribes, more or less mixed by Latin, Visigothic or Moorish blood. The languages, laws and many arts and customs of both have come down with little change from the Romans.

There have been many republics in the history of the world. Israel, before the days of the monarchy, was in many respects republican. In ancient Greece several republics flourished. During the middle ages there were Italian republics. The United Netherlands, a republic, was formed in 1580. From 1649 to 1689 England had a republic, but recalled its deposed king to escape Cromwell. In Germany there have been republican institutions. It is to be hoped that the Portuguese republic will enjoy longer life than some of its predecessors in history.

## PROBLEM OF THE DRUNKARD.

Community care and cure of drunkards is the subject of several articles in the Survey. In all probability this matter will demand general attention before long. The common method which consists of the imposition of a fine, or the commitment to prison for a longer or shorter period, is entirely inadequate. Very seldom the judge has time to investigate the individual cases before him, and very often he is incompetent, or utterly indifferent, to the effects of his prescription. "Five dollars, or five days," and his judicial duty is performed. He is in the position of a doctor that should prescribe the same remedy for every patient, without reference to the different causes of the disease.

New York has a Board of Inebriety, consisting of five members appointed by the Mayor, which have entire supervision of the problem of public intoxication, the Commissioner of Charities and Corrections sitting with it ex officio. The board cannot be put into operation until approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, but, the New York Evening Post says, it has seemed practical, humane and economical to Governor Hughes and Mayor Gaynor. In brief, this plan provides supervision or probation of the new or occasional offender. Field officers are provided who shall also act as parole officers for those about to be discharged from the farm colony, as well as probation officers for those placed in their charge by the court.

New York also has a work farm and hospital, such as have been in use in Iowa and Massachusetts, and in some foreign countries, where drunkards are treated scientifically. In such institutions they can be segregated and treated separately. Non-criminal offenders may be sent to the hospital, the vicious to the farm. Women can be treated separate from the men. Encouraging results have been obtained through proper supervision, an abundance of outdoor work with fresh air, baths and proper treatment by experts.

The methods that obtained in the past are being discarded as useless because of the increase of knowledge. Just as insane persons are taken care of and given a treatment different from that which was the rule formerly, so the victims of drink are beginning to be the objects of a more rational treatment than that provided by the criminal law.

It is a sad comment on our civilization that it has a problem of this kind to grapple with. It is humiliating to reflect on the fact that drunkenness is one of the vices of Christian countries almost unknown among the barbarians and savages. It is still more humiliating to know that it is a vice which the so-called inferior races are

learning from their superior brethren, to their moral and physical undoing. The effective treatment of inebriates is a problem, indeed, to the correct solution of which no earnest man or woman can feel indifferent.

A philosopher is too apt to be a gossamer.

The next thing to being rich—a poor relation.

Even an open-faced watch will bear watching.

Only for the toothless is there painless dentistry.

Does the Colonel favor a line of airships to Mars?

Reno puts the lid on gambling; Salt Lake takes it off.

The Portuguese do not seem to care for Manuel labor.

A big liar is a small man no matter how big he is.

Short weight seems to be the long suit of some coal dealers.

The automobile doesn't make a hit with the man whom it hits.

The heaviest load a man ever has to carry is the weight of years.

How can posterity have claims on us or we on posterity when it isn't?

The man who is read out of a party generally is at the head of his class.

Sooner or later the constant kicker stubs his toe. It is the law of compensation.

Because an undying love cannot be killed is no reason for neglecting and mistreating it.

When an officer is running for office again he is very apt not to be running after law breakers.

If forest fires rage at Rainy River, what is there to prevent them from raging at Stillwater?

It is wiser for a girl to marry a man with a good income than one with an artistic temperament.

Henry Osterman's "Little red book" seems destined to be as famous as Little Red Riding Hood.

These forest fires will give the scientific foresters a chance to make two trees grow where only one grew before.

At Washington, Pa., a mean husband killed his wife's pet snake because, he claimed, she was fonder of it than of him.

The two firemen charged with stealing the bell from the tower above police headquarters merely intended to take a little toll from the city.

If Uncle Sam ever undertakes to drain the swamp lands of the various states he will find the expense the greatest drain on his treasury he has ever known and that in the end he himself will be swamped.

No doubt the "new nationalism" will yet be made to stand pat on the general welfare clause of the Constitution, which can readily be made to mean all things to all men.

"I am compelled, owing to stress of circumstances to embark," said King Manuel in an autograph letter to the premier of Portugal. This is the royal circumlocution for "Owing to circumstances over which I have no control."

Some of the delegates to the American federation conference, at Seattle, declare that the conditions in that city are worse than in any city they have visited. Presumably they have not seen Salt Lake under "American" rule.

St. Louis may be slow but it succeeded in first getting Colonel Roosevelt as an attraction at an aviators' meet. It was there he made his first aeroplane flight. Henceforth he can have an engagement in his own terms at any fair in the country.

## FALSE WEIGHTS AND PRICES.

Omaha Bee.

It is quite probable that false weights and measures have played a much larger part in this problem of the high-cost-of-living than the people generally have understood. A system of scientific cheating has been imposed on the purchaser in divers lines of trade and been done so skillfully as to defy detection, but at last it has fallen under the eye of the public through alert officials here and there and must now fight for its existence. This subtle scheme to swindle people has had numerous ramifications. It has been very hard to deal with. Fake bottoms, false sides in buckets and measures, scale weights plugged with cork and covered over with black wax, dried scales—these are only a few of the ways in which this nefarious business has been carried on. In some cases employees have been in on the conspiracy and have been well paid in commissions. The high prices of commodities have been burdensome enough, but if people were getting what they really bought and paid for it would not be so bad. The trouble has been they were paying exorbitant prices and often receiving under-weights and measures, not in all cases, of course, but in too many. So long as the records are extant it will not do for anybody to become superstitious of criticism of these methods. The people have stood by them rather patiently. Do not blame them now if they revolt.

## MILITARY PLANS FOR HAWAII.

Springfield Republican.

There is military meaning in the cabinet's agreement to endorse the suggestion of the chief of staff that a concentration of forces shall be effected in Hawaii under the command of a brigadier-general, and that Hawaii shall accordingly be made a military district of the department of California. The Hawaiian islands, it appears, are to become something more than the chief American naval base in the Pacific.

## REPUBLIC IN PORTUGAL.

Chicago Record Herald.

It is undoubtedly true that even monarchies must be prepared to

"Recognize" the Portuguese Republic and to treat with it. They are aware that anarchy and utter incompetence, aggravated by dishonest greed, characterized the government of Portugal during many years. They probably know that almost any change must be an improvement, provided the change is really desired and backed by a reasonably strong public sentiment. There is, we imagine, little danger that any great power will deliberately give aid and comfort to the forces of reaction and fraud for the sake of the "monarchical principle." The paramount need of Europe is peace, tranquility, and if a republican government of honest and patriotic men, can restore order and inspire the people with hope and confidence it certainly deserves the sincere sympathy and moral aid of enlightened rulers and diplomats.

## JUST FOR FUN

"Your lines to a hobbie skirt are truly suitable."  
"As to how in particular?" inquired the gratified poet.  
"They limp badly,"—Courier-Journal.

"There was an awfully funny scene in the girls' college the other day."  
"What was it?"  
"They had a grievance against one of their teachers and they were trying desperately to give the 'silence' treatment,"—Baltimore American.

"That cheerful statesman has declared to his constituents that he is not a 'freemason.'"  
"That's not the question," replied the campaign manager. "What we want to know is whether he is a Jonah."—Washington Star.

"May I see my father's record?" asked the new student. He was in the class of '77.  
"Certainly, my boy. What for?"  
"He told me when I left home not to disgrace him, sir, and I wish to see just how far I can go."—Buffalo Express.

Alexander had cut the Gordian knot. "That was the only thing to do," he said, "I was tied by a salesgirl in the grocery department."  
But the historians of the day had no difficulty in stringing the people with their version of the story.—Chicago Tribune.

"A good many people get on this earth who aren't worth the room they take up," said the cynical sociologist.  
"Yes," replied the eminent astronomer. "It's a good thing for many of us that we are not obliged to get around in this whirling planet on a pay-as-you-enter basis."—Washington Star.

Samson was carrying away the gates of Gaza.  
"If you fellows have any curiosity to know what a wide-open town looks like," he said to the gazers on the outside, "here's your chance."  
But they took Samson for a strong-arm man and fled for their lives.—Chicago Tribune.

"Show me one of these old robber castles of the Rhine," commanded the tourist.  
"Robber castles?" echoed the puzzled guide. "Does the gentleman mean a garage?"—Washington Herald.

Mrs. Lapsing was exhibiting her new hairbrush to the caller.  
"It's the best one I ever saw," she said. "I bought it from a woman pedler the other day. The bristles are long and firm, you see, and they go right down the back of the head to the hair."—Chicago Tribune.

"Two men were in court today, each making a directly opposite charge against his wife."  
"What were they?"  
"One wanted a divorce because his wife was so cold. The other wanted his wife because his wife was too hot for him."—Baltimore American.

De Bump. Did that private detective you engaged discover anything?  
De Bump. Yes, that I had money.—Ex.

Mr. Murray, irritable from long confinement to a sick bed, cocked up his ears and listened.  
"That's all that piano-bangin' in 'n' parlor?" he demanded, glaring at his wife.  
"Her first steps! That's she doin' walkin' on the keyboard!"—Lippincott's Magazine.

Mrs. Kicker—Has your daughter got used to home since she graduated?  
Mrs. Bocker—No, she behaves like an ex-president home from Europe.—Harper's Bazar.

"Do you forgive your enemies?"  
"I try to," replied Senator Sorghum. "I can't exactly forgive them, but I do my best to put them in a position where I can sympathize with them."—Washington Star.

"You told me Hyjams was busy, but would be at liberty in a few minutes," said the caller. "I've waited nearly a quarter of an hour. Will you kindly tell me what he's doing?"  
"He's buttonin' of Mrs. Hyjams' new gown up the back. If you must know," snapped the domestic.—Chicago Tribune.

"You can't see my husband, he is not at home."  
"But, madam, I want to see him the worst way."  
"Well, if that's the way you want to see him you'd better sit right there on the steps until he comes from the club."—Houston Post.

## Good Taste

## Hall Rack

**\$2.90**  
You can introduce this pretty, durable hat and cloak rack in your hall at the above small cost. It comes in Golden Oak; the mirror is 8x8 inches, the hooks are oxydized and are strong and firm.  
**Dinwoodey's**

**SALT LAKE THEATRE** Geo. D. Pyper Manager.  
Maltines, Wednesday and Saturday.  
Wakenhals & Kemper Co. Presents  
**7 DAYS**  
GREATEST COMEDY  
HIT IN 25 YEARS  
By Mary Roberts and Avery Hopwood.  
Prices—25c to \$2.00. 40c Seats at \$1.50.  
Maltines—25c to \$1.00.  
Important to be in seats at rise of curtain.  
ALL NEXT WEEK

**Rose Stahl**  
IN  
**The Chorus Lady**  
ALL NEXT WEEK  
Sale of Seats Begins Friday at 10 a.m.  
Prices—Evening—50c. to \$2.00.  
Maltines—25c to \$1.50.

**COLONIAL**  
TONIGHT.  
Maltine Wednesday.  
Lawrence & Sandusky Present  
**"GOING SOME"**  
Evening Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.  
Maltine prices—25c and 50c.  
Next Attraction—"THE BURGOMASTER."

**Opheum THEATRE**  
Both Phones 353  
Maltine daily, 2:15 o'clock. Every evening, 8:15.  
ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE.  
MISS MINNIE DUBREZ  
The Original Six Kaufmanns.  
Flanagan and Edwards.  
Fred Duprez.  
The Harvey-De Vora Trio.  
Luce and Luce.  
Opheum Motion Pictures.  
Opheum Orchestra.  
Maltine prices—15c, 25c, 50c. Night prices—25c, 50c, 75c.

**Shubert Theatre**  
MAX FLORENCE, General Manager.  
A. M. COX, Manager.  
THE FREDERICK MOORE STOCK COMPANY.  
Presenting the Military Melodrama.  
**The Red Cross Nurse**  
TONIGHT—10c, 25c, 50c, 75c.  
Maltine THURSDAY—10c, 25c.  
**Daniels Theatre**  
MAX FLORENCE, General Manager.  
A. M. COX, Manager.  
TONIGHT—Maltines, Saturday and Wednesday.  
THE ALLEN CURTIS MUSICAL COMEDY CO.  
Offer the Merry Festival.  
**A Happy New Year**  
Prices, 10c, 25c, 50c.  
Wednesday Maltine, All Seats, 10c.

**CARRICK THEATRE**  
(Formerly Grand).  
Ind Phone 373. Beil 1557.  
TONIGHT 8:15  
Wednesday—Maltine—Saturday.  
MRS. FISKE'S BEST PLAY.  
**"LEAH KLESCHNA"**  
FIRST TIME IN SALT LAKE.  
Presented by the WILLIAM INGERSOLL COMPANY.  
Evenings—25c, 50c, 75c and 1.00.  
Next Week—THE BARRIER.

**Hamilton's**  
CORRECT DRESS FOR WOMEN  
216 SOUTH MAIN ST.

**Good Taste**  
leans toward simplicity and simplicity is the key to refinement.  
**Our "Cutler Thirty"**  
is a gentlemanly styled outer garment for the man who wishes dignity and refinement in his clothing. It is a suit for the discriminative; hand made by New York's best custom tailors.  
**Clothing \$15 to \$35**  
**CUTLERS**  
36 MAIN ST.

**Z.C.M.I.**  
**Munsing Combination Suits**  
Are perfect in every detail of manufacture. They fit well, are cut to conform to the outline of the body, and every part of the figure is completely covered.  
Every school boy or girl should wear Munsing Union Suits, they are easy to put on, always stay in place, cost no more than vests and pants, and are much more comfortable and satisfactory.  
OUR DRUG STORE IS AT 12-14 SOUTH MAIN STREET

**Woodruff—Sheets—Morris**  
Elias S. Woodruff. Nephew L. Morris.  
Heber S. Sheets. W. S. Woodruff.  
Geo. Q. Morris.  
Yard—Cor. 4th W. & So. Temple.  
**Make for a clean city**

**AUCTION SALE of Water Rights AND OPENING OF CAREY ACT LANDS**  
AT SPRINGFIELD, IDAHO, OCT. 27  
Nearly 10,000 acres under American Falls Canal & Power company's system to be thrown open for entry at Springfield, near Blackfoot, Idaho, October 27.  
Water rights appurtenant will be sold at auction, giving successful bidders priority of right of entry of the land.  
Seven towns contiguous and two railroad lines.  
Land, including perpetual water right, will be sold at minimum price of \$15.50 and maximum price of \$40.50.  
This land not hitherto open to entry. Best of tract entered, as water was sold, privately. All to be cleared up quickly. Hence the auction. All of the land worth, with water, more than the minimum, and much of it more than the maximum.  
THE BIDDER FIXES THE PRICE.  
For particulars and descriptive folder address  
**Idaho Irrigated Lands Co.**  
SALES AGENT, Blackfoot, Idaho.  
Or BOTHWELL & MC CONAUGHY, 503 Boyd Park Bldg., Salt Lake.

**The Famous Rayo**  
Is the Lamp of Real Beauty  
because it gives the best light of all lamps. The Rayo gives a white, soft, mellow, diffused light—easy on the eye because it cannot flicker. You can use your eyes as long as you wish under the Rayo light with it strain.  
The Rayo Lamp is low-priced, and even though you pay \$5, \$10 or \$20 for other lamps, you may get more expensive decorations but you cannot get a better light than the low-priced Rayo gives. A strong, durable shade-holder holds the shade on firm and true. This season's new burner adds strength and appearance.  
Once a Rayo User, Always One.  
Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the  
**Continental Oil Company**  
(Incorporated)

**Denver & Rio Grande**  
Scenic line of the World  
**3 FAST TRAINS DAILY**  
Salt Lake to Denver.  
Through Pullman sleepers to Chicago and points east  
Steamship tickets to all parts of the world.  
Ticket Office 301 Main St.  
**People's Cash Department Store**  
42 TO 48 W. 1ST ST. CO.  
READ THE  
**THEATRE MAGAZINE**  
FOR THEATRICAL NEWS AND STAGE PICTURES.  
Phone 65  
For the Correct Time.  
**Leyson's**  
JEWELRY  
SALT LAKE CITY